

The Democrat.

R. H. ADAMS, Publisher.

CAPE GIRARDEAU : MISSOURI

In St. George's chapel, London, on the 4th, in the presence of all the military knights, Maj. C. M. Dale, late of the Canadian militia, was installed as a military knight.

The grand steeple chase at Autenil, France, last year the scene of a turbulent outburst against President Loubet, passed off yesterday without a sign of political disturbance.

Secretary Coburn of the Kansas state board of agriculture, says the wheat crop this year will be the heaviest ever known. The yield is estimated at \$5,000,000 bushels.

The post office department will not interfere with the project of postal clerks to raise money for the purpose of securing the passage of the "classification bill" by congress.

The senate, on the 31st, passed the sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying, as an amendment, \$5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1903.

The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business, May 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,322,608,811, a decrease for the month of \$1,193,274.

Information has been received at Washington that Archbishop Chapelle is to be created a cardinal by the pope. The archbishop is now in the Philippine islands, as the papal delegate from the United States.

On arriving at his house in Havana, on the 4th, Gen. Gomez made a brief address, in the course of which he said he had kept his promise to return to Cuba, and that he had never intended to turn his back upon her people.

The remains of S. H. H. Clark, former president of the Union and Missouri Pacific railroads, arrived in Omaha, Neb., on the 4th, and was met by 100 prominent officials of western roads and former employees of Mr. Clark.

Lord Minto, the governor-general of Canada, signed an order in council, on the 4th, appointing Col. Richard Heden O'Grady Haley, who is on retired pay in the imperial service, to be major-general commanding the Canadian militia.

The monthly statement of the controller of the currency, issued on the 1st, shows that at the close of business, May 31, 1900, the total circulation of national bank notes was \$300,477,829, an increase for the month of \$15,210,563.

The sheriff of St. Louis began, on the 31st, the swearing in of a posse comitatus of 2,500 men, chosen from the ranks of the better citizens, to assist the police in suppressing lawlessness and to give protection to street car employees and others.

Another raid was made on the Hawthorne race track, near Chicago, on the 4th, and six bookmakers were arrested. The police met with no opposition in making the arrests. The men were taken before Justice Kendall, and released on \$500 bonds.

The seating capacity of Kansas City's convention hall, as it will be arranged for the democratic national convention, has been sublet to the national committee and the sergeant-at-arms, by F. E. Hill, the architect and approved. It makes provision for accommodating 22,360 persons.

The Berlin Butchers' guild has presented a petition to the bundsrath, in connection with the meat inspection bill, claiming that hogs' livers and tongues are necessary in the manufacture of sausage; that inspection in such cases is practicable, and that their importation should be continued.

A new pest has made its appearance in the wheat fields in portions of Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma. It is the green plant; louse, or aphid, that usually gathers on the tender shoots and buds of roses. Entomologists do not apprehend that much damage will be done, as the growing crop is strong enough to resist its ravages.

Louis Klopsch, of New York, publisher of the Christian Herald, who arrived in India, May 14, and started at once on a tour of the famine-stricken districts, has returned to Bombay, after traveling through the most sorely stricken portions of the Bombay presidency, including Gujarat and Baroda. His description of the ravages of famine and pestilence is appalling.

The president of Chili opened the Chilean congress on the 1st. In his address he said Chili was at peace with the world, and expressed the hope of an early settlement of the questions pending between Peru and Bolivia. The president announced a budget surplus of \$16,000,000; said the financial condition was flourishing, and that new railroads and public works would be pushed.

The latest news from the war in South Africa, up to the 31st, was that Johannesburg had surrendered, Pretoria, the capital of the Transvaal republic, was peacefully awaiting the approach of Lord Roberts' troops, the garrison having been withdrawn from the forts, and President Kruger was fleeing towards Lourenço Marquez. It was generally believed that the war was practically ended.

JUNE—1900.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Compiled from Various Sources.

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

The senate was not in session on the 30th, having adjourned over in deference to Decoration day. In the house, the regular order being withdrawn, the motion to strike out the enacting clause of the Chinese commission bill was defeated, and the bill was again placed upon the calendar. After passing 190 pension bills the house adjourned in honor of Decoration day.

In the senate, on the 31st, the sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying \$5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1903, was passed. This leaves only the military academy and the general deficiency appropriation bills to be acted upon by the senate, and these were expected to be disposed of by the 2d. In the house consideration of the resolution reported from the judiciary committee proposing a constitutional amendment to lodge in congress the power to "define, regulate, control, prohibit or dissolve trusts, monopolies or combinations" was entered upon under a special order, which fixed 5 p. m. of the 1st, for taking the vote, without opportunity to amend. A constitutional amendment requires a two-thirds vote to adopt.

In the senate, on the 1st, caustic debate of a political nature occurred upon subjects not themselves political. A memorial was presented from the people of California asking the government to provide some relief for the starving people of India. Mr. Hale's report of a further delay in the naval appropriation bill, seventy-nine private pension bills were passed, as was also the military academy appropriation bill. Consideration of the general deficiency appropriation bill was begun. In the house, the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment empowering congress to regulate trusts was defeated—154 to 123—less than the necessary two-thirds majority. The vote was almost exclusively on party lines, republicans favoring and democrats opposing the resolution.

In the senate, on the 2d, the Cuban extradition bill was passed; the general deficiency bill, the last of the appropriation bills, was passed, as was also the emergency river and harbor bill. The session was concluded with eulogies of the late Representative Green, of Nebraska. In the house the Lufkin anti-trust bill to amend the Sherman act of 1890 to make it more effective in the prosecution of trusts, which agents, officers and attorneys, passed, 253 to 1. Mr. Mann (rep.) cast the negative vote. The announcement of the vote was cheered to the echo. In the senate, on the 4th, the work of the session being practically completed, the session was more of a social function than a business session. Nearly four of the ten hours consumed was spent in executive session. At the night session many of the senators appeared in full dress, and the galleries were thronged with gaily-attired crowds of spectators. No business of importance was transacted. In the house, the conference on the sundry civil appropriation bill was agreed to as to the \$5,000,000 appropriation for the Louisiana Purchase exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1903. The bill was then sent back to conference. The disputed item in the District of Columbia appropriation bill were agreed to, and the bill sent to the president.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

B. H. Massey, who is on his deathbed at Sweet Springs, Mo., suffering from cancer of the face, has turned over to his attendant a complete silver counterfeiting outfit and several half dollars of his own manufacture. He says he has been making spurious coin for 14 years, passing most of it away from home.

The United States transport Hancock, from San Francisco, May 17, arrived at Manila, on the 3d, with the members of the Philippine commission. Gen. MacArthur's staff welcomed the commissioners on board the Hancock.

Six men and two ladies, French and Belgian refugees from Pao Ting Fu, arrived at Tien Tsin on the 2d. Nine are still missing.

The lone highwayman, whose card reads: "The Black Kid," held up three locomotive stages, two wagons and two United States cavalrymen, on the 2d, securing about two hundred and fifty dollars, and made his escape.

Gov. Roosevelt of New York announced, on the 3d, he would confer with Att. Gen. Devies concerning the citizens' petitions praying for the removal of Mayor Van Wyck of New York city from office because of his holding stock in the American Ice Co., of which the city is the largest patron.

The latest news from Pretoria, by way of Lorenzo Marquez, is that 10,000 burghers met in the public square to listen to Gen. Botha, who addressed them from the balcony of the government building. In an impassioned speech he declared that they should not give in without a struggle.

The last exercises connected with the tenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans occurred at Louisville, Ky., on the 3d, when the ninety-second anniversary of the birth of Jefferson Davis was observed at Reunion hall with services in memory of Mr. Davis, Winnie Davis, the "Daughter of the Confederacy," and the confederate dead.

Robert B. Roosevelt, fresh from the Paris exposition, arrived at New York on the 2d. "I am not a cynic and am usually easily pleased," said Mr. Roosevelt, "but that exposition is the worst fake and fraud that was ever perpetrated on mankind."

Cripple Creek (Col.) mining companies have broken all American, if not all world records, in dividends disbursed thus far in 1900. The record is as follows: January, \$336,500; February, \$151,250; March, \$943,000; April, \$542,117.18; May, \$279,062; total, \$2,551,927.18. This includes only cash actually paid out in dividends.

Six new cases of bubonic plague and two deaths were reported in Cairo, Egypt, on the 4th.

The Athens correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: "The excavations of the American schools have discovered the only fountain mentioned by Pausanias in the 'Agora.' It is absolutely intact. The bronze lions' heads, through which flowed the water, are still in their places in the well."

The exact number of census enumerators who went to work June 1 is 52,631. Pennsylvania leads the list with 4,676; New York comes next with 4,492. Alaska has only two and Nevada 53.

Oliver Pogue, a switchman, aged 26 years, died at Carbondale, Ill., on the 3d, from the effects of a gunshot wound inflicted by Deputy Marshal Etherton while Pogue was resisting arrest.

Nearly seven hundred laborers, members of the Foundry Laborers' union at Buffalo, N. Y., struck, on the 4th, for \$1.75 for an eight-hour day, an advance of 25 cents. As a result about twelve hundred molders and core-makers employed in the various shops of the city are idle.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In the senate, on the 5th, the session was given principally to consideration of conference reports and odds and ends of business preparatory to final adjournment. An unseemly and raucous political debate between Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.) and Messrs. Hanna (O.) and Carter (S. D.) was precipitated by a statement by Mr. Bacon (Ga.) that Cramp, the shipbuilder, had contributed \$400,000 to the republican campaign fund in 1892, with the understanding that he would be reimbursed by contracts for construction of war ships. In the house attention alternated between consideration of conference reports on appropriation bills and heated political controversies, the incidents of the day and night sessions being those inseparable from the dying hours of a session.

In response to the request made by the United States and Chilean ministers at Bern, Switzerland, to select the third member of the arbitration court which is to settle the claims and counterclaims held by the citizens of each country against the government of the other, the president of the Swiss republic has selected J. B. Pioda, the Swiss minister to the United States, to act in the capacity referred to.

Advices received from Algiers portray a serious situation. The sons of Moors are massing at Figaig and in the neighborhood, preparing for a determined attack upon the advance posts of the French. Though suffering much from the intense heat, the French are confident of their ability to repel any attack.

Mrs. John Sherman died at midnight, on the 4th, aged 72 years. She was Miss Margaret Cecilia Stewart, only daughter of the late Judge Stewart of Mansfield, O. She was married to John Sherman December 21, 1848. There were no children. She was born and buried at Mansfield.

The managers of San Francisco pool room were granted a temporary injunction, on the 5th, preventing Chief of Police Sullivan from enforcing the ordinance passed by the board of supervisors, the previous night, prohibiting betting on prize fights.

The senate, on the 5th, rejected the nomination of Hon. W. D. Byrum as general appraiser at the port of New York by a tie vote.

The senate, on the 5th, confirmed the nomination of Brig. Gen. Ewell S. Gais, U. S. A., to be major general.

CURRENT NEWS NOTES.

Wharton Barker has sent his letter of acceptance of the presidential nomination to the people's party national committee.

Andrew Warren, president of the railway supply company bearing his name, died suddenly at his home in St. Louis as the result of a stroke of apoplexy.

An army of worms is denuding the trees in what is known as the "pine flats," in Saline county, Ark.

Anti-semitic agitation has taken new lease of life in Austria and Germany.

A riot of negroes was occasioned near Perry, Okla., by the report that one of their sex was held as a slave.

Clifton B. Breckinridge, of Arkansas, has been named for a place on the Dawes commission, vice Judge McKenna, resigned.

George Grubert attempted suicide in St. Marcus cemetery, St. Louis, shooting himself upon his wife's grave.

Clark Ryedale, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was struck by a locomotive near Sedalia, Mo. He is thought to have committed suicide.

Europe is anxiously reaching out for whatever remains of last year's cotton crop in the United States.

The Cripple Creek (Col.) May gold output was 54,000 tons, worth \$2,228,104, a gain over April of \$500,000. The 37,000 tons of smelter grade averaged \$60 each.

Nine soldiers, who had seen service in the Philippines, were received at the government insane asylum at Washington, Friday, for treatment.

The monthly report of the Missouri bureau of agriculture showed some deterioration in the wheat and oats crop, but corn rather improved during the month.

The boiler at the Mosely mining plant, located six miles north of Neosho, Mo., exploded Friday. Parts of the boiler were thrown 500 feet. No one was killed.

John Mitchell, son of Dr. H. C. Mitchell, of Carbondale, Ill., has been appointed by Congressman Smith as a cadet at the military academy at West Point.

The grand jury at Benton, Ill., returned an indictment against Harry Hubbard for murder in the first degree. He is charged with the murder of William Espy, March 14.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Missouri Crop Outlook.

The Missouri state board of agriculture, through its secretary, Col. J. R. Rippey, has issued a review, dated June 1, of the crop conditions of the state. Synopsis:

Wheat—Condition is placed at 91, against 97 for last month, and 57 for corresponding date last season.

Corn—Condition is placed at 94, against 96 for last month, and 79 for last season.

Oats—Condition 91, while 97 was reported last month, and 83 for last season.

Cotton—Condition estimated at 87, against 75 for corresponding period last season.

Tobacco—Condition for preparing ground and, so far, for setting plants, have been good. A full acreage will be planted.

Apples—Condition is placed at 74, a decline of 19 points during the past month. Much of the fruit has fallen.

Small Fruits—Have all slightly declined during the past month. Peas and plums have dropped to some extent. Peaches for the state promise a good crop.

Recent Deaths.

Judge James Scammon, at his home in Kansas City, the result of an attack of paralysis, suffered over a year ago. He had practiced law in Kansas City for 20 years.

Capt. D. A. Hiner, aged 68, an old river pilot, at Mexico. He had been on the Mississippi and Ohio rivers for 51 years. He piloted the steamer that took Gen. Grant to the battle of Shiloh.

At Hamilton, Caldwell county, Robert B. Houston, from Bright's disease. He had been prominent as a banker and business man in the county for 30 years. He was 65.

Thomas F. Geary, aged 78, at his home in the southwest part of Morgan county, of paralysis. Mr. Geary was an old settler, locating there 60 years ago. For many years he was a prominent merchant on the Osage river. He died quite wealthy.

William Shier, aged 81, suddenly at his home near Odessa.

Capt. George A. Purdy, postmaster at Pierce City, suddenly. He was a delegate to the National republican convention in 1896 from the Fifteenth Missouri district.

Killed in Kansas City.

C. E. Woodrow, superintendent of the gas company at St. Joseph, was run down and almost instantly killed by a Suburban Belt railroad engine on the Fourth street viaduct in Kansas City. Mr. Woodrow was walking across the viaduct, when the engine approached him, unobserved, from the rear, and threw him several yards from the track. His body was not nungled, his injuries being internal. Mr. Woodrow was 45 years old and leaves a family. He was a brother of John H. Carroll, of Jefferson City, attorney for the Burlington railroad. He was in Kansas City to attend the democratic state convention. Mr. Carroll was attending the convention, and took charge of the remains.

A Blind Boy's Ambition.

William A. Kelley, of No. 411 St. George street, St. Louis, who is blind, was one of a number of applicants for admission to the bar who were examined in the circuit court in St. Louis the other day. He is a student at the law branch of Washington university. He is 21 years old and has been blind for several years. He is a graduate of the Missouri school for the blind.

Tried to Hoodoo the Governor.

It developed in a trial held in the probate court at Clayton, St. Louis county, that Reuben Dixon, an old negro of Webster Groves, who died a year ago, and who was known as a voodoo of great power, had made an attempt to hoodoo the governor of Missouri in order to save his grandson, who was condemned for murder, from hanging.

More Stock Yards.

A story is being circulated at Kansas City, to the effect that three big Chicago packers—Nelson Morris, Hammond and Libby, McNeal & Co.—are contemplating establishing stock yards and packing houses in the east bottoms of Kansas City, three miles east of the present Kansas City stock yards.

State Treasurer's Statement.

State Treasurer Pitts has filed with Gov. Stephens his report of the transactions of the state treasury for May. It shows the following: Balance on April 30, \$1,833,318.88; receipts for May, \$137,194.29; disbursements for May, \$145,224.33; balance on May 31, \$1,825,288.04.

Mounted Police for Joplin.

The Joplin city government has made arrangements for a mounted police force to assist the regular force in running down the robbers and burglars who have been perpetrating hold-ups and burglaries nearly every night for weeks.

For Incendiarism.

John Finn, a coal miner, was sentenced at Linnets to 15 years in the penitentiary for setting fire to a block of buildings at Marceline.

Died From a Blow.

In a row at Kenett Albert Rains struck James McMunn over the head with a beer bottle. McMunn died from the effects of the blow.

Dentist Takes Morphine.

Dr. H. L. Mundy, aged 45, a dentist, was found dead in his office in the Howson building, Kansas City. He had taken morphine.

LONDON REJOICES AGAIN.

The News of the Occupation of Pretoria by Lord Roberts is Official Now.

"BOBS" MADE HIS ENTRY AT 2 P. M.

His First Order was One to Gen. French to Relieve the British Prisoners Confined at Waterval. Former Scenes of Rejoicing in London Being Repeated.

London, June 5.—At two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, almost eight months after the declaration of war, Lord Roberts entered Pretoria. While the commander-in-chief of the greatest army Great Britain ever put in the field was fulfilling the promise he made to the guards at Bloemfontein, to lead them into the capital of the Transvaal, England was celebrating the event with wild enthusiasm.

News Spread Like Wildfire.

Throughout the length and breadth of the country the news spread like wild fire. Based on the recollection of recent European wars, when the occupation of the enemy's capital signified the end of hostilities, Lord Roberts' terse telegram was taken universally to mean the practical finish of the war which has tried Great Britain's military resources as they were never tried before.

Flags Appeared as if by Magic.

Flags again appeared, as if by magic, their voices to the joyful throngs of other streets. Hatless and ecstatic men and boys ran through the city alleys to see for themselves, and staying to join in the thunder of cheers or add their voices to the joyful throngs singing "God Save the Queen."

Old and Young Participated.

Old men on top of the omnibuses and aldermen from the windows of the Mansion house encouraged the crowds to still further efforts. The premature report of the fall of the Boers stronghold did not seem to have taken the edge off the day's celebration. Lord Roberts' Six Mile Spruit dispatch was hardly printed by the "Extras" before the Union Jack of the war office was hoisted up the flagstaff and the brief message was passed from mouth to mouth "Pretoria is occupied."

The war office has information that one of the first things done by Lord Roberts, after the occupation of Pretoria, was to direct Gen. French to relieve the British prisoners confined at Waterval.

IT MUST BE UNCONDITIONAL.

Lord Roberts' Terms for the Surrender of Pretoria.

London, June 5, 11:07 p. m.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, June 5, 12:55 p. m. 'Just before dark yesterday the enemy were beaten back from nearly all the positions they had been holding, and Ian Hamilton's mounted infantry followed them to within 2,000 yards of Pretoria, through which they retreated hastily.'

"De Lisle then sent an officer, with a flag of truce, into the town demanding its surrender in my name. Shortly before midnight, I was awakened by two officials of the South African republic, Sandberg, military secretary to Commandant-General Botha, and a general officer of the Boer army, who brought me a letter from Botha, proposing an armistice for the purpose of settling the terms of surrender."

"I replied that I would gladly meet the commandant general the next morning, but that I was not prepared to discuss any terms, as the surrender of the town must be unconditional. I asked for a reply by daylight, as I had ordered the troops to march on the town as soon as it was light."

"In his reply Botha told me that he had decided not to defend Pretoria, and he trusted women, children and property would be protected."

"At one o'clock a. m. to-day, while on the line of march, I was met by three of the principal officials, with a flag of truce, stating their wish to surrender the town."

"It was arranged that Pretoria should be taken possession of by her majesty's troops at two o'clock this afternoon."

"Mrs. Botha and Mrs. Kruger are both in Pretoria. Some few of the British prisoners have been taken away, but the majority are still at Waterval."

An Irish Battalion Overwhelmed.

London, June 5, 12 p. m.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office that the Thirtieth battalion of the imperial yeomanry (Irish) was "overwhelmed by the Boers at Lindley." Lord Methuen made a "magnificent march to the rescue," but was too late.

"It is a very regrettable circumstance, but I trust it will not be very long before the Irish yeomanry are released from captivity."

The Lost Battalion.

The dispatches of Lord Roberts, telling of the incidents before the surrendering of the capital by three civilians, stand alone, as the correspondents with him have not had their turn with the wires.

Lord Roberts' postscript announcing the loss of the yeomanry battalion came too late for the public to know it last evening. The newspaper commentators consider the incident deplorable, but as having no weight to speak of in the results. The battalion numbered between 300 and 500.

THE ELECTION IN OREGON.

Incomplete Returns Indicate the Success, For the Most Part, of the Republicans.

Portland, Ore., June 6.—Incomplete returns from 17 out of the 33 counties in the state give the following result of Monday's election. For justice of the supreme court, Wolverton (rep.), 10,756; Green (fusion) 8,355.

If this ratio is maintained complete returns will give Wolverton 8,000 majority in the state.

For congressman, First district: Tongue (rep.), 8,582; Daly (fusion), 7,107.

Congressman, Second district: Moody (rep.), 5,108; Smith (fusion), 3,318.

These figures indicate that Moody, in the Second district, will have close to 6,000 plurality and Tongue, in the First district, about 3,000 plurality, a gain of 1,000 over his vote in 1898.

The legislature is in doubt, though at this time the returns are favorable to the republicans who have twelve hold-over senators.

For mayor of Portland the vote as far as counted shows the following result:

Rowe (rep.), 913; Story (ind. rep.), 836; Wells (dem.), 710.

The city council will stand eight republicans, two democrats and one independent republican.

The legislative ticket in this (Multnomah) county, is in doubt and it will take complete return to determine the result. Multnomah county is usually republican by from 2,500 to 4,000 plurality, but a split in the republican party and a combination of the democrats and populists on the legislative ticket caused the defeat of the four republican senatorial nominees and part of the legislative ticket the republicans elect all the county ticket.

The fusionists elect the district attorney for this district.

STAMP COUNTERFEITERS.

Four of the Conspirators Enter Pleas of Guilty and Are Sentenced.

Philadelphia, June 6.—Four of the defendants in the famous Lancaster revenue cigar stamp counterfeiting conspiracy yesterday entered pleas of guilty in the United States district court. They were Wm. M. Jacobs and Wm. L. Kendig, Lancaster cigar manufacturers; Samuel B. Downey, formerly deputy internal revenue collector, and James Burns, one of Jacobs' employees. The indictments charged Jacobs and Kendig with counterfeiting, Downey with accepting a bribe and Burns with aiding and abetting.

Kendig and Jacobs were fined \$5,000 and costs and sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment. If the maximum sentences had been imposed on all the counts in the indictment, Kendig and Jacobs would each have received a sentence of over one hundred years.

On Downey is imposed a fine of \$500 and costs and two years' imprisonment, from April, 1899, and on Burns is imposed the costs and one and one-half years' imprisonment, from April, 1899.

LEGAL KICK FROM CHINATOWN.

Ask An Injunction Compelling the Board of Health to Abandon the Quarantine.

San Francisco, June 6.—The attorneys for the Chinese Six Companies yesterday afternoon filed with the clerk of the United States court an application for an injunction compelling the board of health of this city to abandon the quarantine which it has imposed on the Chinatown district. The application will be heard in open court to-day. The petition sets forth that 10,000 persons are restrained of their liberty, but that residents of the district, other than Chinese, are not affected by the quarantine. The petitioner denies that there is any plague within the quarantine quarter or that there has been any person within the district afflicted with the disease, and it is probable that the health board, in its answer, will be compelled to make some attempt to prove the statements heretofore made by them regarding their belief in its presence in Chinatown.

REVEALED SWOLLEN GLANDS.

Suspicious Case at Honolulu Declared by Health Authorities Not to be Bubonic Plague.

Honolulu, May 29, via San Francisco, June 6.—There have been rumors of the reappearance of the bubonic plague, which are denied by the health authorities. Alexander Christensen, a native of Nova Scotia, died May 25, after suffering for six days from what was said to be malaria. An autopsy revealed swollen glands, and his funeral was interrupted by the health officers, who cremated the body.

Two more quarantine stations will be established at Hawaiian ports as soon as the new laws go into effect.

Civil Courts Have Jurisdiction.

Washington, June 6.—A question recently arose in Cuba as to whether a United States soldier arrested for the murder of a native should be tried by the military authorities of the United States or the civil courts of Cuba. The secretary of war asked the attorney general for an opinion on the subject. The